

## **SESSION III: Drafting of Resolutions, negotiation and submission process**

## **The Role of the Main Sponsor/Facilitator:**

- The main sponsor/facilitator of the resolution consults with Member States and holds informal negotiations on the draft before tabling the “best version possible.”

## **Objectives:**

- Drafting and negotiation are closely related because the subject of negotiations often involves agreeing on the words that are used to describe an action that is to be taken on a particular agenda item.
- Each delegation will have many objectives they will want to achieve during negotiations.

There are elements to consider by the facilitator that ensure the success of a negotiation:

- Background information, another important component of preparation is to be well-informed both about the issues to be negotiated and the positions of countries regarding the resolution.
- Prepare the zero draft using paragraphs based on agreed language, sources, and if necessary, explain the rationale of the new language.
- Consider that negotiation starts before the first informal meeting with the Member States- Previous meetings with key players (GoF).

- **Tips during the Informal meetings**

- Zero Draft with track changes and sources.
- A first reading of the resolution can also be done if it is not too long
- Roadmap
- PBIs
- Closing paragraphs
- Different views among the delegations
- Facilitator text/Chair's ruling
- Co-sponsors
- Submission process

*“Through constructive debate and negotiations, ideas develop into norms, which in turn drive policy development and implementation, with a view to advancing the course of humanity.”*

Volkan Bozkir President of the UN General Assembly